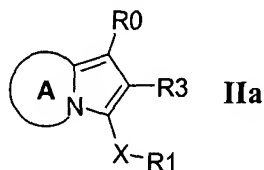


## CLAIMS

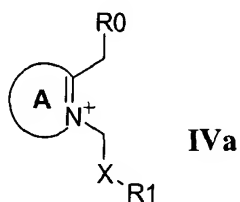
What is claimed is:

- 5 1. A method of preparing a compound represented by structural formula IIa:

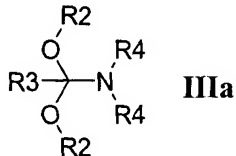


wherein ring A is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl group;

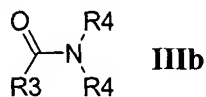
comprising reacting a compound represented by structural formula IVa:



- 10 with either a compound represented by structural formula IIIa:



or, a reagent prepared by reacting the compound represented by structural formula IIIb with an alkylating agent:



- 15 wherein:

X is a covalent bond, or a linking group selected from a methanone, a sulfone, a sulfoxide, a substituted or unsubstituted amine, or a substituted or unsubstituted methylene;

- 20 R0 is -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic

heterocyclic group, a halogen,  $-\text{CN}$ ,  $-\text{COR}^a$ ,  $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^a$ ,  $-\text{CONR}^a\text{R}^b$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2\text{R}^a$ , or  $-\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^a\text{R}^b$ ;

5 R1 is  $-\text{H}$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group,  $-\text{CN}$ ,  $-\text{OR}^a$ ,  $-\text{SR}^a$ , or  $-\text{NR}^a\text{R}^b$ ;

each R2 is independently a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group; or both R2 groups, taken together, are an inert linking group;

10 R3 is  $-\text{H}$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or an electron-withdrawing or electron-donating group, provided that if R3 is  $-\text{H}$ , at least one of R2 is a secondary or tertiary alkyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group;

each R4 is independently  $-\text{H}$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group;

15 or both R4 groups, taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, are a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic group;

wherein  $\text{R}^a$  and  $\text{R}^b$  are independently  $-\text{H}$ , alkyl, or aryl.

2. The method of Claim 1 wherein X is a covalent bond, or a linking group  
20 selected from a methanone, a sulfone, or a sulfoxide.

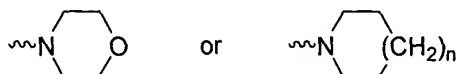
3. The method of Claim 1 wherein R0 and R3 are independently  $-\text{H}$ , or a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group.

25 4. The method of Claim 3 wherein if R3 is  $-\text{H}$ , at least one of R2 is a secondary or tertiary alkyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group.

5. The method of Claim 1 wherein X is methanone.

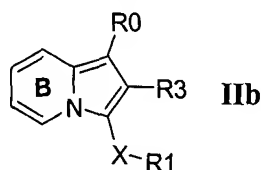
30 6. The method of Claim 4 wherein:

- a. R2 is a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic aliphatic group, or  $-\text{CH}(\text{R}^c)_2$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{R}^c)_3$ , and each  $\text{R}^c$  is independently a C1-C4 alkyl group; and
- b. each R4 is  $-\text{H}$ ,  $-\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ , phenyl; or both R4 groups, taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, are a cyclic group as shown below:

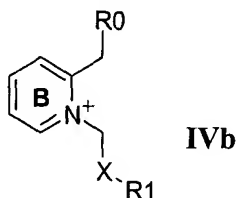


wherein n is 0, 1, or 2.

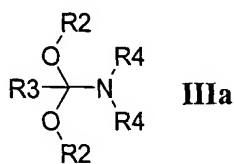
- 10 7. A method of preparing a compound represented by structural formula **IIb**:



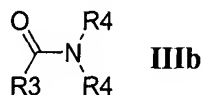
wherein ring **B** is unsubstituted or substituted or is fused to an aryl group; comprising reacting a compound represented by structural formula **IVb**:



- 15 with either a compound represented by structural formula **IIIa**:



or, a reagent prepared by reacting the compound represented by structural formula **IIIb** with an alkylating agent:



- 20 wherein:

X is a covalent bond, or a linking group selected from a methanone, a sulfone, a sulfoxide, a substituted or unsubstituted amine, or a substituted or unsubstituted methylene;

5 R0 is -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, a halogen, -CN, -COR<sup>a</sup>, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, -CONR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>;

10 R1 is -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, -CN, -OR<sup>a</sup>, -SR<sup>a</sup>, or -NR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>;

each R2 is independently a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group; or both R2 groups, taken together, are an inert linking group;

15 R3 is -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or an electron-withdrawing or electron-donating group, provided that if R3 is -H, at least one of R2 is a secondary or tertiary alkyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group;

each R4 is independently -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group;

20 or both R4 groups, taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, are a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic group;

wherein R<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> are independently -H, alkyl, or aryl.

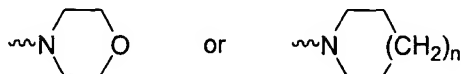
8. The method of Claim 7 wherein X is methanone, sulfone, or sulfoxide.

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9. The method of Claim 7 wherein:

a. R2 is a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic aliphatic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group, or -CH(R<sup>c</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or -C(R<sup>c</sup>)<sub>3</sub>, where each R<sup>c</sup> is independently a C1-C4 alkyl group; and

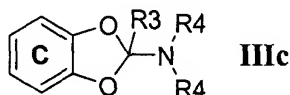
- b. each R<sub>4</sub> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, phenyl; or both R<sub>4</sub> groups, taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, are a cyclic group as shown below:



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wherein n is 0, 1, or 2.

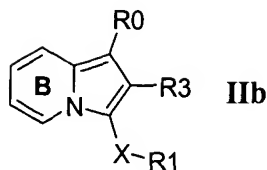
10. The method of Claim 9 wherein each R<sub>2</sub> is independently -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, cyclobutyl, 2,2',4,4'-tetramethylcyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, 2,2',5,5'-tetramethylcyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 2,2',6,6'-tetramethylcyclohexyl, phenyl, or 2,6-dimethylphenyl.
11. The method of Claim 7 wherein both R<sub>2</sub> groups, taken together, are -(CR<sub>5</sub>)<sub>n</sub>- and n is 1, 2, or 3 and each R<sub>5</sub> is independently -H or -CH<sub>3</sub>.
12. The method of Claim 7 wherein both R<sub>2</sub>, taken together, are represented by ring **C**:



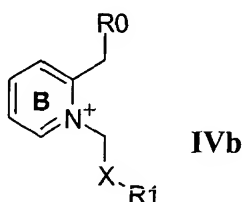
and wherein ring **C** is unsubstituted or substituted.

13. The method of Claim 12 wherein ring **C** is unsubstituted.
14. The method of Claim 7 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.
15. The method of Claim 7 wherein R<sub>4</sub> is -CH<sub>3</sub>.
16. A method of preparing a compound represented by structural formula **IIb**:

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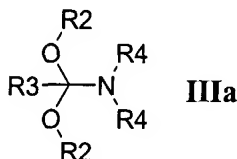


wherein ring **B** is unsubstituted or substituted or is fused to an aryl group;  
comprising reacting a compound represented by structural formula **IVb**:

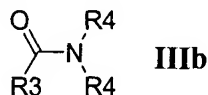


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with either a compound represented by structural formula **IIIa**:



or, a reagent prepared by reacting the compound represented by structural  
formula **IIIb** with dimethyl sulfate:



10

wherein:

X is a methanone, a sulfone, or a sulfoxide;

R0 is -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or  
unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic  
heterocyclic group, a halogen, -CN, -COR<sup>a</sup>, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, -CONR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>,  
-SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>;

15

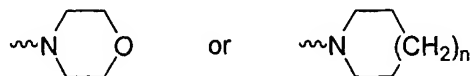
R1 is -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or  
unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic  
heterocyclic group, -CN, -OR<sup>a</sup>, -SR<sup>a</sup>, or -NR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>;

20

each R2 is independently -CH(R<sup>c</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or -C(R<sup>c</sup>)<sub>3</sub>;

R3 is -H, or a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group; and

each R<sup>4</sup> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, phenyl, or both R<sup>4</sup> groups, taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, are a cyclic group as shown below:



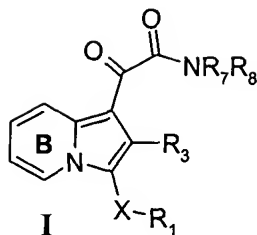
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wherein n is 0, 1, or 2;

R<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> are independently -H, alkyl, or aryl; and

each R<sup>c</sup> is independently a C1-C4 alkyl group.

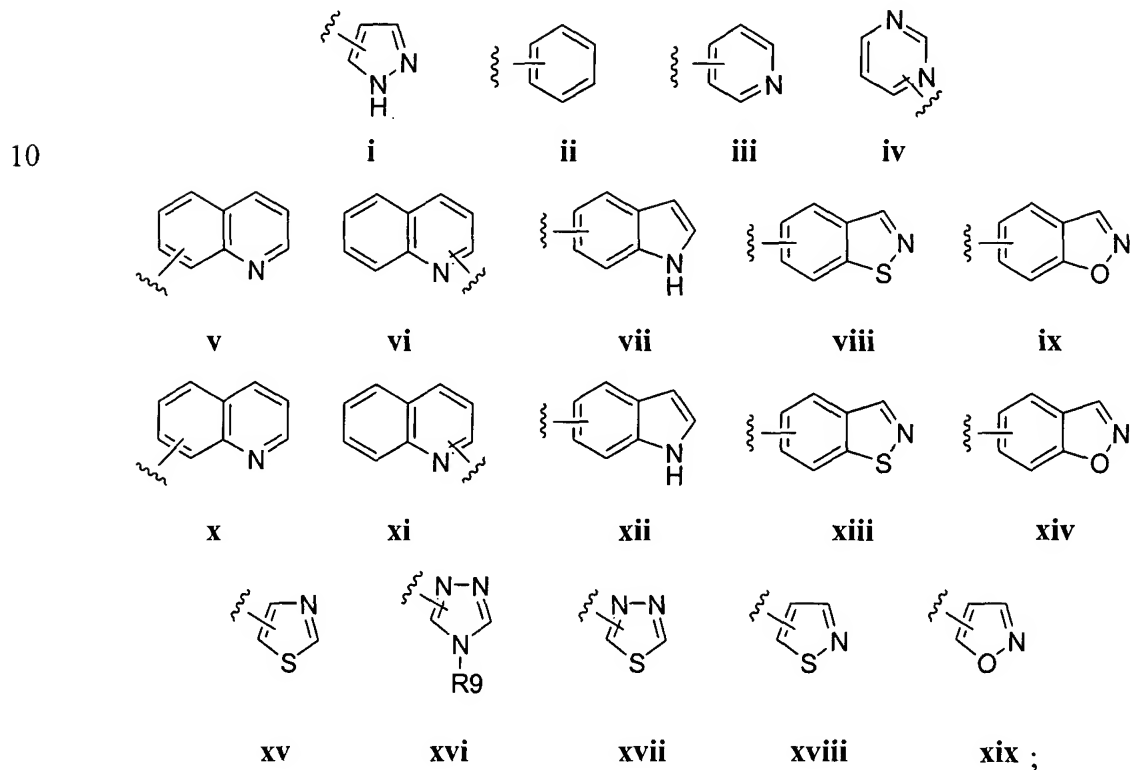
17. The method of Claim 16 wherein each R<sup>2</sup> is -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.
- 10 18. The method of Claim 16 wherein each R<sup>4</sup> is -CH<sub>3</sub>.
19. The method of Claim 18 wherein R<sup>0</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are both -H.
- 15 20. The method of Claim 18 wherein ring **B** is optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -F, -Cl, -Br, C1-C4 alkyl, C1-C4 alkoxy, -C1-C4 haloalkyl, C1-C4 haloalkoxy, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, or -CN.
- 20 21. The method of Claim 18 wherein ring **B** is unsubstituted and R<sup>1</sup> is a phenyl, pyridyl, furanyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, or pyrrolyl group substituted with zero, one or more substituents selected from: -Br, -Cl, -F, -R<sup>a</sup>, -OR<sup>a</sup>, -CN, -COOR<sup>a</sup>, -N(R<sup>a</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -CON(R<sup>a</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>a</sup>COR<sup>b</sup>, -NHCONH<sub>2</sub>, or -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>a</sup>)<sub>2</sub>.
- 25 22. The method of Claim 19 wherein the compound represented by structural formula **IIb** is further reacted with oxalyl chloride or a synthetic equivalent thereof to form a first intermediate; and reacting the first intermediate with NHR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup> to form a compound represented by structural formula **I**;



wherein R7 and R8 are independently -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, provided that R7 or R8 are not both -H, or NHR7R8, taken together, is a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group.

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23. The method of Claim 22 wherein R7 is H and R8 is represented by a structural formula selected from:

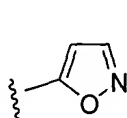


wherein R9 is -H or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group.

15



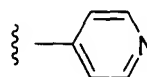
24. The method of Claim 23 wherein R8 is represented by a structural formula selected from:



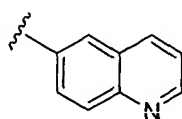
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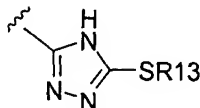
xxi



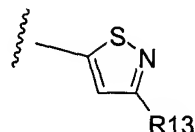
xxii



xxiii



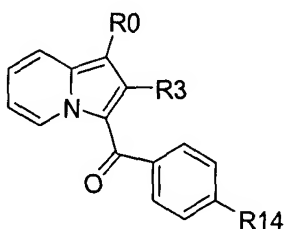
xxiv



xxv

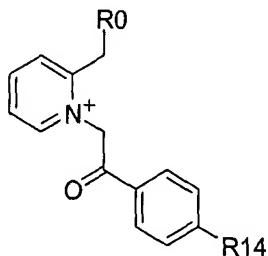
wherein Z is -CH- or -N-; R10 and R11 are independently -H or an alkyl group, or -NR10N11 taken together is a non-aromatic heterocyclic group; and R13 is -H or an alkyl group.

25. A method of preparing a compound represented by structural formula VII:



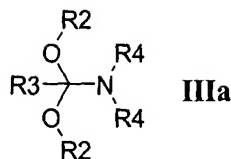
VII

comprising reacting a compound represented by structural formula VIII:

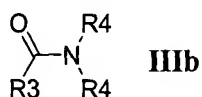


VIII

with either a compound represented by structural formula IIIa:



or, a reagent prepared by reacting the compound represented by structural formula **IIIb** with an alkylating agent:



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wherein

R2 is  $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ ;

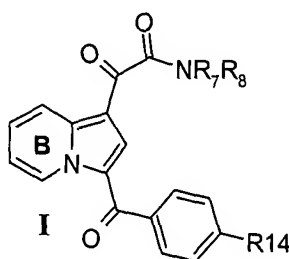
R0 and R3 are  $-\text{H}$ ;

R4 is  $-\text{CH}_3$ ; and

10

R14 is  $-\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{OCH}_3$ ,  $-\text{CN}$ ,  $-\text{F}$  or  $-\text{Cl}$ .

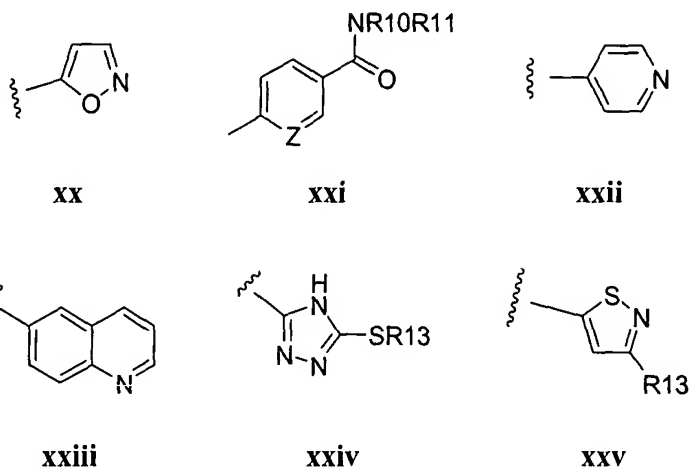
26. The method of Claim 25 wherein the compound represented by structural formula **VII** is further reacted with oxalyl chloride or a synthetic equivalent thereof to form a first intermediate; and reacting the first intermediate with
- 15 NHR7R8 to form a compound represented by the following structural formula;



wherein R7 and R8 are independently  $-\text{H}$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, provided that R7 or R8 are not both  $-\text{H}$ , or NHR7R8, taken together, is a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group.

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27. The method of Claim 26 wherein R8 is represented by a structural formula selected from:

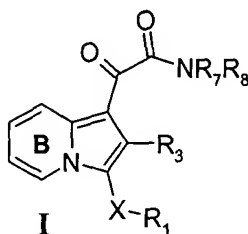


- wherein Z is  $-\text{CH}-$  or  $-\text{N}-$ ; R10 and R11 are independently  $-\text{H}$  or an alkyl group, or  $-\text{NR}_{10}\text{R}_{11}$  taken together is a non-aromatic heterocyclic group; R12 is an alkyl group; and R13 is  $-\text{H}$  or an alkyl group.

28. The method of Claim 27 wherein R8 is represented by structural formula **xxv** and R13 is methyl.

29. The method of Claim 28 wherein R14 is  $-\text{CN}$ .

30. The method of Claim 7 wherein R0 and R3 are H, further comprising the steps of reacting the compound represented by structural formula **IIb** with oxalyl chloride or a synthetic equivalent thereof to form a first intermediate; and reacting the first intermediate with  $\text{NHR}_7\text{R}_8$  to form a compound represented by structural formula **I**;



wherein R7 and R8 are independently -H, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, provided that R7 or R8 are not both -H, or NHR7R8, taken together, is a substituted or unsubstituted non-aromatic heterocyclic group, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group.

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